Time: Learning around the days of the week, months of the year, routines of the day to be covered and taught during soft starts, maths meetings and discretely during maths lessons involving other units of study (ordinality and topics involving sequence)

## Bush Hill Park Primary School

## Long Term Plan - Termly Overview Maths 2021-2022

| Year Group: | Rec | Class Teacher (s): | HK,AD | Term: Autumn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives: |
| Weeks 1-5 Block 1 | Number | Early Number - cardinality \& counting |  | Knowing number names - identifying and making connections between the name of the number and what that looks like in different forms/ representations. Matching/tagging a range of numerals to a given value of objects to 10 . |
|  | Number | Early Number - cardinality \& counting |  | Explore subitising numbers and encourage estimation when knowing how many objects from a larger group of objects there are - use dots on a dice/domino/feely bag etc to know the value without counting. Counting to a given number within a group of objects and identifying that cardinal value. Making/ building blocks in different arrangements to 10. Rearranging a group of objects and not needing to count them as none have been added or taken away. |
|  | Number | Counting within 10 |  | Counting forwards / backwards (extend to different intervals) and starting at different numbers. Noticing missing numbers within a sequence and correcting with accuracy and justification. Use songs and rhymes to cement fluency and retain knowledge |
|  | Number | Counting within 10/20 |  | Value of numbers - exploring different numbers to 10 in different forms and representations - focus on reasoning and proving. Extend to 20. |



| Week 11 | Measure | Length \& Height | Compare 2 different lengths and 2 different heights to establish the correct vocabulary - shorter, longer, taller, shorter. Introduce a unit of measure for e.g. blocks/cubes to assign a quantity when comparing/ordering different lengths and heights (more than 2). Use more than/less than to describe and compare measures. |
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| Week 12 | Geometry | 2D shapes | Describe the shape and size of shapes. <br> Name circles, squares and triangles. Use 'flat' 2D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes (how many sides, straight/curved). Select a particular named shape with confidence. Describe their relative position such as 'behind' or 'next to'. Introduce different patterns of shape, justify the sequence/pattern and reason changes. Compare in full sentences different shapes - what's the same and what's different? Sort shapes into families. |
| Week 13 | Geometry | 3D shapes | Begin to describe 3D shapes as 'solid'. Find/ investigate different 3D shapes within the school environment. Use 3D shapes to print and make models. Selects a particular named 3D shape. Use familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models. Make connections between 2D and 3D shapes - 'A cube has....square faces..' (Refer back to previous week 2D shape unit) Compare different models/ 3D shapes for similarities and differences (examples and nonexamples). Sort shapes into families. |
| Week 14 | Number | Counting within 20 | Counting forwards / backwards from any given number 1-20. Count reliably with numbers from one to 20 , place them in order and says which number is one more or one less than a given number. Use the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects. Assign numerals to objects more than 10. |


|  |  |  | Reinforce correct vocabulary in terms of 'teens'. <br> Introduce/ extend with skip counting. |
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| Year Group: | Rec | Class Teacher (s): | HK,AD | Term: Spring |
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| $\begin{gathered} \text { Week } \\ \text { Commencing: } \end{gathered}$ | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Numbers within 20 |  | Recite numbers to 20 forwards and backwards using objects to support understanding. Indicate place value of 1 and 2 -digit numbers, represent 10 in different forms alongside that show ones (early partitioning). Count on from given numbers. Count in 2 s back and forth. |
|  | Number | Numbers within 20 |  | Comparing and ordering, one more one less, sequencing with missing numbers and placing a given missing number within a numberline 1-20. Estimate quantity within a group of objects. |
| Week 3 | Number- Addition and Subtraction | Addition within 20 |  | Consolidate number pairs that total 10 and other bonds/pairs to 5 for e.g. Add 1 to any number. Add 2 to any number up to 20 . Read the corresponding addition equation and understand the different numerical values as well as the symbols. Understand that the total in the sum of parts added. Extend to adding 3 single digit numbers together. Use vocabulary 'more'. Move onto numerical number lines. |
| Week 4 | Number- Addition and Subtraction | Subtraction within 20 |  | Consolidate subtracting numbers within 10 , spot patterns when subtracting one more each time. Subtract objects from groups. Consolidate understanding of 2-digit numbers to 20 and count back a desired amount to establish the new total. Use vocabulary 'less', 'fewer'. Move onto numerical number lines. |
| Week 5-6 | Number-Division | Grouping and Sharing |  | Sorting objects and pictorial representations into groups, show equal and unequal examples. Refer to |


|  |  |  | groups being parts of a whole for addition (unequal groups possible) and equal groups linked to repeated addition. |
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|  | Number-Division | Grouping and Sharing | Sharing equally a given number into groups with a pattern of process. Extend to sharing 2 at a time. <br> Each person has $\qquad$ each. |
|  | Number- Multiplication and Division | Doubling and Halving | Enforce the concept of doubling by showing objects increasing by the same amount. Distinguish between doubling and repeated addition. Use classroom investigations to reinforce correct vocabulary. |
| Week 7-8 | Number- Multiplication and Division | Doubling and Halving | Recap halving everyday objects into two equal parts. Move onto halving numbers, showing in pictorial form the value halved- make connections and observations on the outcomes. Link to doubling and the inverse / reverse process. Introduce numbers that cannot be halved into two whole numbers. Demonstrate with manipulatives / pictorial representations. |
|  | Measurement | Money | Explore/create: Items for a shop, e.g. beads, jumble sale bits, sweets/cakes, small toys; money (preferably real coins); stickers; sand tray; sand; lots of different coins up to 20 p - assign value to items and investigate within classroom/topic corner. Enforce the value of each coin and those coins missing from a liner number sequence. Extend to start making amounts with different coins. |
| $11$ | Measurement | Money | Using the coins count in $1 \mathrm{ps}, 2 \mathrm{ps}, 5 \mathrm{ps}$ to 20 . Show that two 10ps = 20p (show coin). Show that 10p can be made in different ways; $1 \times 10 p, 2 \times 5 p, 5 \times 2 p, 10 \times 1 p, 5 p$ $+2 p+2 p+1 p$ etc. Reinforce that coins only come in certain values and that we make totals from the coins we have available. Refer to repeated addition and number pairs within 10. |
|  | Measurement | Money | Addition and subtraction through money. Return to the class shop / topic area to investigate paying for |

$\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|}\hline & & & \begin{array}{l}\text { certain items. Children explore paying for items with } \\ \text { a certain budget. Provide different coin } \\ \text { denominations. Extend to paying for items greater } \\ \text { than 20p value and with a certain number of coins }\end{array} \\ \text { i.e. pay for the teddy which is worth 15p with 5 } \\ \text { coins. Reasoning: Find another way to... }\end{array}\right]$

| Year Group: |  | Rec | Class Teacher (s): | HK,AD | Term: Summer $*$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Week } \\ \text { Commencing: } \end{gathered}$ | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
|  | Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value \& Addition facts |  | Explore and use number facts to 10 and 20 . Use and apply this knowledge to number facts to 50- explore and investigate different ways. Reinforce knowledge of tens and ones and that a number with 3 tens and 1 one is greater than a number with 2 tens and 9 ones. Demonstrate addition using models, numberlines and bead strings. Varied fluency: $5+5+$ $7=17$. Use doubling as part of process. |
|  |  | Number | Place Value \& Subtraction facts |  | Explore and use number facts to 10 and 20 . Use and apply this knowledge to number facts to 50- explore and investigate different ways. Consolidate knowledge of tens and ones and that a number with 3 tens and 1 one is greater than a number with 2 tens and 9 ones. Demonstrate subtraction using models, numberlines and bead strings. Extend: Show varied fluency through different equations: $14-3=$ $11,24=27-3,18=30-12$. |
|  | Week 3-4 | Number | Number patterns within 50 |  | Explore different patterns within numbers to 50 . Compare patterns within numbers to 20 with those of numbers to 50 . Use balanced equations: $10+10=$ $5+5+5+5$ because... $2+3=5$ therefore $20+30=50$. |
|  |  | Number | Number patterns within 50 |  | Show patterns in a variety of different ways; through decreasing and increasing parts of the equation. Explore number sequences - ascending and descending; what can be noticed? Create generalisations about the patterns created. Focus on reasoning and problem solving to show depth of understanding. |


| Week 5-6 | Geometry | 2D shapes | Name/label, Sort and Classifying 2D shapes of different sizes, colours etc: Circle, square, triangle, rectangle, pentagon, hexagon, octagon (focus on the properties of the newly introduced shapes) Reason why certain shapes have commonalities (prove) and vary the classification criteria i.e. shapes with straight sides and without and shapes with four corners or more and shapes with less than 4 corners. Use vocabulary such as longer, shorter, straight, curved, sides, corners. Draw basic 2D shapes. |
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|  | Geometry | 3D shapes | Link 3D shapes to 2D shapes explored in the previous week. What makes them linked? Find 3D objects within the school environment to name, sort and classify. Construct 3D towers and composite shapesdiscuss features and properties of these. Link to topic work and art in terms 3D shape artwork. Carry out problem solving investigations to deepen understanding of the variety of shapes, especially those introduced within this unit (Sphere, cylinder, cone, square-based pyramid). |
| Week 7 | Number- Division | Grouping and Sharing | Group objects up to 20 in different ways. From a total for e.g. 20, how many different ways can it be grouped equally. Develop concept into abstract form 4 lots/groups of $5=20,4 \times 5=20$. Extend to grouping within 50 . Link sharing process to a story and the characters sharing equally. Sharing equally between 2 means halving the total and sharing between 3 or 4 means sharing with 3 or 4 different characters equally. Using a visual model show the differing ways to divide - share/group and allow the children to explore different ways. |


| Week 8 | Number- Multiplication and Division | Doubling and Halving | Build on prior knowledge and focus on odd one outs and matching numbers that can be halved/doubled. Show/demonstrate with different models/examples for deeper understanding. |
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| Week 9 10 | Number | The four operations (transition Y1) | Repeat certain procedural methods for all operations covered this year. Vary procedures to show depth and flexibility. |
|  | Number | The four operations (transition Y1) | Solve problems in familiar and unfamiliar contexts that involve adding inc. repeated addition, doubling and halving, subtracting, dividing equally. |
| Week 11 13 |  | Problem solving and investigation | Problem solving and using and applying inc. money, time, length and height. |
|  |  | Problem solving and investigation | Problem solving and using and applying inc. money, time, length and height. |
|  |  | Problem solving and investigation | Problem solving and using and applying inc. money, time, length and height. |


| Year Group: | 1 | Class Teacher (s): | JM, EC | Term: Autumn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives: |
| Weeks 1-3 | Number | Place Value |  | Count to 20, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any given number. Oracy focus, counting in varying intervals. Focus on missing numbers/deliberate mistakes within the sequence to elicit understanding and reasoning. Ready to progress: (cardinality and pattern within number - YrR focus) |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. Order numbers sequentially. Ready to progress: (cardinality and pattern within number - YrR focus) |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Given a number, identify one more or one less. Introduce different models to represent and show one more one less through subtracting from one group of two equal groups, by adding one on to a group, through a numberline example. Show what happens when one is added to 9 or 19-demonstrate the concept of 10 s using 'chips and peas' and the grouping of ones into 10s. |
| Week 4-7 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20. |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Add and subtract one/two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. Make reference to known facts and number bonds. Explore/compare different ways to calculate and understand addition and subtraction, investigate concept of difference compared to subtracting - explore pictorial/concrete examples, varying the way the concept is presented and tackled as one problem. |


|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction | Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems. |
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| Week 8-9 | Number | Place Value | Consolidate counting to 20, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , from any given number. Reinforce understanding of different ways the numbers can be represented to understand the cardinality of a given number (pictorial/concrete models) Second part of the week, move onto counting to 50 in varying intervals. Emphasis on the number getting greater also the ordinality of it. |
|  | Number | Place Value | Count, read and write numbers to 50 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Reinforce and consolidate the application of mathematical vocabulary and language that supports reasoning and full sentence explanation (equal to, less than etc.) |
| Week 10- | Number | Addition and subtraction | Represent and use number bonds and related addition \& subtraction facts within 50 . Dive deeper into conceptual variation of numbers to 50 . Order and compare numbers to 50. Create generalisations and investigate patterns. |
|  | Number | Addition and subtraction | Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 50, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems |
| Week 12 | Measurement | Money | Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes. <br> Applying knowledge of addition and subtraction to different contexts (money). Explore different ways to make 20p. Extend to know How much change do I receive from 20p if 2 items cost 14p. Link to shop (topic area of interest) |
| Week 13 | Measurement | Length and Height | Introduce units of measurement for length and height ( $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{m}$ ); measure and begin to record lengths and heights. Introduce the relevant sentence stems for full mathematical sentences. |


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|  | Week 14 | Geometry |

Recognising 2D shapes- squares, rectangles, triangles and circles in different orientations/size. Establish vocabulary and language around the shapes and begin to ascertain properties- commonalities and differences.

| Year Group: | 1 | Class Teacher (s): | JM, EC | Term: Spring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Count to 100 forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1 , or from any number. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Count, compare, order, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Extend to 10 more $/ 10$ less, 5 more/ 5 less. Explore odd, even and number patterns with numbers to 100 |
| Week 3 | Measurement | Length and Height |  | Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) greater, less than language transferred from earlier topics. Apply PV knowledge when comparing and reasoning length/height |
| Week 4 | Geometry | 3D shapes |  | Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including: (for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres.) Make links to the 2D shapes within the 3D ones. Introduce language such as: face, side, corner/vertex, curved/straight |
| Week 5-6 | Number | Multiplication and division |  | Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Spot pattern within the number sequences and begin to create generalisations around the different multiplications. Introduce vocabulary and mathematical sentence stems to explain and reason. |
|  | Number | Multiplication and division |  | Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Explore varied procedure and conceptual understanding - groups of, shared into. |


|  | Week 7 | Number | Place value | Revisit and build upon prior knowledge and understanding around numbers to 100 . Begin to explore different ways to make 100. Balancing equations and proving / disproving statements using sentence stems. |
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|  | Week 8 | Number | Multiplication and division | Consolidate knowledge of twos, fives and tens. Make links and begin to explore doubling numbers up to 100 |
|  | Week 910 | Number | Fractions | Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Focus on vocabulary around what is 'equal' what is 'whole' and what are 'parts'. |
|  |  | Number | Fractions | Explore halves and quarters as a way of measuring and reasoning comparative measures (link to previous topics around measure) half-full, half-the-length. |
|  | Week 1112 | Measurement | Weight and Volume | Measure and begin to record mass/weight, capacity and volume. Introduce new language for units of measure and explore items that could be weighed / measured for volume. Compare the differences between; weight, volume, length and height (as covered earlier in the term) |
|  |  | Measurement | Weight and Volume | Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass/weight: for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than; capacity and volume for example, full/empty, more than, less than. Use measuring apparatus to represent the process of measuring \& comparing and using the language sentence stems inc. heavier, lighter etc |



|  |  |  | oracy around counting up and back in intervals of 5 and 10 up to 60. |
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| Week 9 | Number | Multiplication and division | Revisit arrays and explore the parts of the multiplication /division equation. |
| Week 1011 | Number | Fractions | Revisit what a half looks like, understand the process/concept of dividing something by 2. Develop understanding of halving whole numbers and shapes. Emphasise the idea of equal number of parts within the whole. Develop concept by moving onto quarters and dividing by 4 . Make links to halving and halving again. |
|  | Number | Fractions | Finding fractions of quantities and real-life problems involving fractions. Explore a range of topic areas inc. time, money, length, weight and volume problems. |
| Week 12 |  | Consolidation of concepts taught/ gaps addressed from assessment in readiness for Year 2 |  |


| Year Group: | 2 | Class Teacher (s): | AL, MO, NB | Term: Autumn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives: |
| Weeks 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words. Recognise the place value of each digit in a twodigit number (tens, ones) see ready to progress on MTP for Year 1 prerequisites recap Yr1 objectives in: lessons 1 and 2 only |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations including the number line. Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use $<,>$ and $=$ signs. |
| Week 3-5 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 with automaticity, and derive and use related facts up to 100 as the next step. Multiples of 10 number pairs to 100 and extend to more complex equations that total 100, 2 part/3 part models (variety of e.gs) |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a twodigit number and ones; a two-digit number and tens; two two-digit numbers; adding three one-digit numbers. |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Show that the addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot. |
| Week 6 | Measurement | Length |  | Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ) <br> Compare and order lengths using symbols $<,>=$ |
| Week 7-8 | Number | Multiplication \& Division |  | Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 times tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. <br> Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them |


|  |  |  | using the multiplication (x), division ( $\div$ ) and equals (=) sign. |
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|  | Number | Multiplication \& Division | Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts |
| Week 9-$10$ | Number | Addition and subtraction | Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. |
|  | Number | Addition and subtraction | Represent and solve calculations and problems using different models such as bar-model |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week 11- } \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | Measurement | Money | Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money. Find the most efficient way to a certain amount and reason and problem solve with different values inc. finding missing amounts /coins (values). <br> Recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value. |
|  | Measurement | Money | Solve problems (one-step but extend to multi-step) in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change. Refer to previous addition and subtraction unit - build on progress made-consolidate skills/ methods |
| Week 1314 | Statistics | Graphs | Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and tables. <br> Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity |
|  | Statistics | Graphs | Tackle more complex questions surrounding the data and solve problems using the data presented in graphs. Construct own graphs to present data from a given investigation (links to current Science/History/Geography topic) |


| Year Group: | 2 | Class Teacher (s): | AL,MO,NB | Term: Spring |
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| $\begin{gathered} \text { Week } \\ \text { Commencing: } \end{gathered}$ | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number ( $10 \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~s}$ ) with numbers up to 100 Compare and order numbers up to 100 Counting up and back from 100 in various intervals |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Use place value and number facts to solve problems |
| Week 3-6 | Geometry | Properties of shape |  | Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. What's the same what is different? Define shapes through examples and non-examples. |
|  | Geometry | Properties of shape |  | Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces. Make links to 2-D shapes-faces. |
|  | Geometry | Properties of shape |  | Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid. Classify the shapes. |
|  | Geometry | Properties of shape |  | Compare and sort (Venn/Carroll diagrams) common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. |
| Week 7-9 | Fractions | Fractions of amounts |  | Recognise, find, name and write fractions $1 / 3,1 / 4,2 / 4$ and $3 / 4$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. |
|  | Fractions | Fractions of amounts |  | Write simple fractions for example, $1 / 2$ of $6=3$ |
|  | Fractions | Equivalent fractions |  | Recognise the equivalence of $2 / 4$ and $1 / 2$. Link to doubles and halving |
| Week 10 | Measurement | Time |  | Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. |


|  |  |  | Know the number of minutes in an hour and hours in a <br> day |
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| Week 11 | Measurement | Mass | Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate <br> and measure mass (g/kg) <br> Compare and order mass using >,$<$ and $=$ |
| Week 12 | Measurement | Capacity | Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate <br> and measure capacity (ml/l) <br> Compare and order capacity using >, < and $=$ |



|  |  |  |  | show these times. Recall known facts associated with <br> time |
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|  | Week 10- <br> 13 |  | Colve more complex problems involving time - explore <br> quarter to, 10 to, 5 to. Notice that the hour hand moves <br> with the increasing minutes within the hour |  |


| Year Group: | 3 | Class Teacher (s): | $R P, Y P$ | Term: Autumn |
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| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives: |
| Weeks 1-3 | Number | Place Value |  | Recognise the place value of each digit in two-digit numbers, and compose and decompose two-digit numbers using standard and non-standard partitioning. Recognise the value of the 0 place holder. (Ready to progress Year2 NPV) Extend to 3-digit numbers and relate to solving problems involving 2-3 digit numbers. |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Order and compare 2-digit numbers with reasoning about the location of any two-digit number in the linear number system, including identifying the previous and next multiple of 10. Use < > = symbols. Order smallest to largest and vice versa. (Ready to progress Year2 NPV) Extend to 3-digit numbers. |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number; recognise the place value of each digit (hundreds, tens and ones). |
| Week 4-7 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts within 10, through continued practice. (Ready to progress Year2 NF) Counting to 50 in multiples of 2,5 and 10, link to repeated addition and subtracting in given intervals. |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a threedigit number and ones, a three-digit number and tens, a three-digit number and hundreds. Apply knowledge of number facts to support process. |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Recognise the subtraction structure of 'difference' and answer questions of the form, "How many more...?". (Ready to progress Year2 AS). Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction. Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers. |


|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction | Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value and more complex addition and subtraction problem solving that involves familiar and unfamiliar real-life contexts. |
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|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Ensure recall and oracy opportunities for 2,5,10 consolidation and retention of understanding that multiples are repeated addition (Ready to progress Yr2 MD) Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables. Spot patterns and identify and make connections between certain tables $(4,8)$ |
| Week 8-10 | Number | Multiplication and Division | Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot. |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in context. Use variation of concept to deepen understanding. Relate grouping problems where the number of groups is unknown to multiplication equations with a missing factor, and to division equations (quotitive division). (Ready to progress Yr2 MD) |
|  | Number | Fractions | Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into ten equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by ten. Emphasise importance of equal parts and a range of models/representations to show the same fraction |
| Week 11- $12$ | Number | Fractions | Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Find equivalent fractions for a half. Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects; unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. Create generalisations based on connections and conceptual knowledge around fractions. |
| Week 13- $14$ | Measurement | Money | Revisit the different denominations (coins and notes) and key connections/rules; $£ 1.20=120$ p, divide by 100 to find £. Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts. Find various |


|  |  |  | ways/coins to make an amount. Recap addition and <br> subtraction methods from previous topic in Yr3. |
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|  | Measurement | Money | Explore problems involving money within a range of <br> contexts, applying use of multiplication, division, fraction <br> of amounts and addition and subtraction. |

## Long Term Topic Plan - Termly Overview

| Year Group: | 3 | Class Teacher (s): | RP, YP | Term: Spring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of | ocus: | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Oracy focus; Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. Recap the PV of each digit in a 3 -digit number |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Estimate and round numbers to $10,100,1000$. Make statements explaining and justifying (reasoning) to cement understanding. Solve a variety of practical problems involving PV |
| Week 3-4 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Add and subtract numbers mentally using prior number fact knowledge from KS1 |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Formal written methods for calculation and variation of representation - bar model, part, part whole model. Estimate and check using inverse operation |
| Week 5-6 | Geometry | Properties of Shape |  | Draw 2D shapes and make 3D shapes using modelling materials. Recognise 3D shapes in different orientations and describe them |
|  | Geometry | Properties of Shape (Angles and lines) |  | Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn. Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make a quarter-turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines |
| Week 7-8 | Number | Multiplication and Division |  | Doubling and halving (Yr2 objective) 2-3 digit numbers through partitioning. See that $x 4$ is doubling and doubling again and vice versa for division. |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division |  | Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to |


|  |  |  | formal written methods (expand procedural skills/ methods) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 9 | Number | Addition and Subtraction | Recap and secure mental and formal written methods for addition and subtraction. Apply to a variety of contexts and real-life problems |
| Week 10 | Measurement | Mass and Capacity | Measure, compare, add and subtract mass (kg, g) and volume/capacity (I, ml) |
| Week 11- $12$ | Statistics | Interpreting data | Interpret and present data using bar chart, pictograms (of different numerical value for 1 pic ) and tables. Extend to drawing own charts, focus on scaling the $y$ axis with consistent intervals. Link to counting in intervals of 2,5 and 10. Link to current Science topic and presenting data |
|  | Statistics | Solving problems based on data charts | Solve one-step and two-step questions (for example, 'how many more?' and 'how many fewer?') using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. |


| Year Group: |  | 3 | Class Teacher (s): | RP, YP | Term: Summer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
|  | Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Identify the place value of each digit within a 3-digit number, partition the number to see the value of each part in relation to the whole. Sentence stem: the 9 in the 10s column represents 90 , this is less than the 1 in 100 s column which represents 100 100 is 10 more than 90 , I know this because... |
|  |  | Number | Place |  | Compare and order numbers up to 1,000 . Read and write numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and words. Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. Count from 0 in multiples of 50 and 100. |
|  | Week 3 | Number | Multiplication and | d to PV | Multiply by 10,100 and divide by 10,100 to make numbers 10 times bigger/smaller. Make reference to this becoming a tenth of the previous number when dividing by 10 |
|  | Week 4-5 | Number | Fractions |  | Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominator, use < > = to satisfy mathematical statements and solidify understanding. Explore equivalent fractions for a half and a quarter using $=$. Sentence stems: I know $3 / 6=4 / 8$ because (master's glasses) |
|  |  | Number | Fractions |  | Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole (for example 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7) |
|  | Week 6 | Measurement | Length \& Perimeter |  | Measure, compare, add and subtract lengths ( $\mathrm{mm}, \mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{m}$ ) within the context of perimeters (of 2D shapes) Make reference to different dimensions to measure, distance, definitions and what's the same and what's different? |
|  | Week 7-8 | Measurement | Time |  | Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII and 12-hour and 24hour clocks. Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. Record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours. Use sentence stem vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight. Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. Link to science topic recording timed results (forces parachute task) |
|  |  | Measurement | Time |  | Compare duration of events, begin to explore timetables and timelines as well as other time related problems within a reallife context. Focus on reasoning and problem solving |



| Year Group: | 4 | Class Teacher (s): | TP, SH | Term: Autumn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives: |
| Weeks 1-3 | Number | Place Value |  | Oracy focus: count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 100. Focus on number sequencing and justification within missing number lines. Spot patterns with sequencing and between the different multiple sequencing. Order and compare numbers being explored. Reason the location of number within 3-digits -ready to progress Y3 |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number ( $1,000 \mathrm{~s}, 100 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$ and 1s). Know that 10 tens are equivalent to 1 hundred, and that 100 is 10 times the size of 10 ; apply this to identify and work out how many 10 s there are in other three-digit multiples of 10 (ready to progress Yr3 PNV) Extend to 1000 as progression |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. Round numbers up to 1000 to the nearest $10,100,1000$. Order and compare numbers to 1000 , identifying $10,100,1000$ less than, more than. |
| Week 4-6 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. Build from three-digit addition/subtraction as a foundation. Secure number facts that bridge 10/100 (ready to progress Y3) |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | (Using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate) Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation, apply rounding skills to show efficiency with this skill. |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Solve addition and subtraction two step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. |
| Week 7-8 | Measurement | Length and Perimeter |  | Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres (to scale) and metres (not to scale). Ascertain a formula to apply to all P |


|  |  |  | problems and link it to repetitive methods for calculation. Extend to compound shapes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Measurement/ Number | Length and Perimeter \& Multiplication and Division | Convert between different units of measure km to $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{m}$ to $\mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{cm}$ to mm using multiplication and division methods linked to PV. Apply knowledge to a variety of perimeter and length problems. If the $P$ is..... What are the dimensions? |
| Week 9-11 | Number | Multiplication and Division | Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$. Make links between certain tables and emphasise importance of learning these in readiness for MTC. Use flashcards for oracy and conceptual problems/ variation of task to assist in gaining a deeper understanding of multiplication (in different forms/representations) |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1 ; multiplying together three numbers. Use the distributive law- Example: $3 \times(2+4)=3 \times 2+3 \times 4$ to show different ways to represent and calculate |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Solve division problems, with two-digit dividends and one-digit divisors, that involve remainders, and interpret remainders appropriately according to the context. |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Week 12- } \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | Number | Fractions | Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. Link to decimals equivalents |
|  | Number | Fractions | Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions. Reason why equivalent fraction share commonality. Extend to reference factors / multiples |
|  | Number | Fractions | Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number. |

Long Term Topic Plan - Termly Overview

| Year Group: | 4 | Class Teacher (s): | TP, SH | Term: Spring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Week } \\ \text { Commencing: } \end{gathered}$ | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of | focus: | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Order and compare numbers beyond 1000. Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. Round numbers to nearest $10,100,1000$ |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Count back through 0 to include negative numbers, explain what is the same and different about negative and positive numbers, what's the same and what's different? |
| Week 3-4 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Mental strategies for calculation, apply known number facts to tackle problems where parts of sum are missing, focus on fluency and arithmetic. Formal written methods for addition and subtraction (adding/subtracting 3-4 digit numbers) Estimate/ Check using inverse |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Solve addition and subtraction two step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. Focus on proving efficiency |
| Week 5-6 | Measurement | Time |  | Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks. Introduce quarter to/past. 10 to, 5 to/past. Emphasise how the hour hand moves when the minute hand does. Link to turn - quarter/half, three quarter. |
|  | Measurement | Time |  | Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days. Explore simple timetables. Compare times - would you rather? shortest time sometimes the best (races). Duration between two given times -length of a programme. |
| Week 7-8 | Number | Multiplication and Division |  | Oracy focus; Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$. Use and apply if you know...then you know. |


|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Recognise and use factor pairs, how are they different to stand-alone factors? commutativity in mental calculations. How they link to products. Find pattern and make connections |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 9 | Measurement | Area | Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares. ( $\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{m}$ ) Extend to Compare with perimeter, link to arrays and commutative law and the squared nature of the unit of measure. Reference factors |
|  | Number | Division and Fractions | Find the effect of dividing a one or two-digit number by 10 or 100 , identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator |
| Week 10- $12$ | Number | Fractions \& Decimals | Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths. Link to dienes and concrete and pictorial representations. Compare $\&$ order numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places, use < > =. Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number. Extend to 2.d.p rounding to nearest tenth |
|  | Number | Fractions \& Decimals | Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $1 / 4,1 / 2$ and $3 / 4$. Explore problems involving fraction of quantity - find quarter, half and three-quarters of a given amount |


| Year Group: | 4 | Class Teacher (s): | TP, SH | Term: Summer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Identify place value of each digit in a 4-digit number inc. numbers that have decimals - use models and a variety of representations to show depth of understanding (whole/decimal) |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value. Extend to calculating using Roman numerals |
| Week 3 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Addition and subtraction of decimal numbers up to 2.d.p. Link and revisit connection with fractions - tenths and hundredths |
| Week 4 | Measurement | Money |  | Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence. Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places. |
| Week 5-6 | Geometry | Properties of shape |  | Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size. Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes. |
|  | Geometry | Properties |  | Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations. Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry. |
| Week 7-8 | Number | Multiplication |  | Oracy focus: Recall and use multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$ (in preparation for MTC) Focus on multiplication tables that require further consolidation - low stakes quizzes, games etc. |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division |  | Solve problems within a range of contexts where dividing by $2,4,5,10$ are frequent, make connections to finding a quarter, fifth, half, tenth of a given quantity. Represent in a variety of forms inc. bar model. |
| Week 9 | Number | Fractions |  | Revisit equivalent fractions and ordering, comparing and adding and subtracting fractions with the same denominator. Extend to comparing fractions with differing denominators |
| Week 10 | Geometry | Position and Direction |  | Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant. Plot specified points and draw sides to |


|  |  |  |  | complete a given polygon. Describe movements between <br> positions as translations of a given unit to the left/ right <br> and up/ down. Justify translations and generalise rules <br> around translation and plotting using co-ordinates |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Week 11 |  | Statistics |  |


| Year Group: | 5 | Class Teacher (s): | MR,SA,AW, KM | Term: Autumn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives: |
| Weeks 1-3 | Number | Place Value |  | Recognise value of each digit within 5 \& 6-digit numbers to evaluate understanding of PV. Use partitioning to show value and parts of whole numbers. Find a range of values for digits within a 6-digit number. Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to and inc. 100,000 s. |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Introduce the $7^{\text {th }}$ Digit (million), indicate the value of it compared to other digits Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit (based on previous week) Use <>=. Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest $10,100,1000$, 10000 and 100000. |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. Read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numeralssolve equations involving Roman numerals. |
| Week 4-5 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. Explore equations with missing numbers to develop the pupils' understanding of the relationship between addition and subtraction and the inverse operation. |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Add and subtract whole/decimal numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, the level of accuracy. Extend to application in terms of problem solving and real-life contexts. |
| Week 6-8 | Number | Multiplication and Division (Measurement - length) |  | Multiply and divide whole numbers by 10, 100 and 1000: In context, convert between different units of measure km to $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{m}$ to $\mathrm{cm}, \mathrm{cm}$ to mm using multiplication and |


|  |  |  | division methods linked to PV. Extend to word problems and real-life length problems. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. Break down trickier calculations into simpler more logical steps. Consider relationships between multiplying / dividing by 2,4 and 8 . Also multiplying by 10 to assist with multiplying by 9 and so on etc. Move on to more formal written methods for multiplication and division. Use mental/ number facts to support calculations where formal written methods apply (long multiplication / division methods). |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers. Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3). Use visual and model representations to explain and explore the concepts deeper. Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. |
| Week 9-10 | Measurement | Perimeter and Area | Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in cm and m . Review the formulae for $P$ and apply to different problems. Explore different shapes - both regular and irregular (to scale and not to scale). Introduce the formulae for area and demonstrate the concept using surface area (inc. cm/mm squares- cm2, $\mathrm{mm} 2, \mathrm{~m} 2$ ) and by using shapes/diagrams not to scale. Explore using regular and compound shapes. |
|  | Measurement | Perimeter and Area | Dive deeper into concept to find missing dimensions, given the $P$ and $A$ already known. Compare $P$ and $A$ and create generalisations and reasoning to support understanding. Extend to real-life problems and contexts involving P and A - comparing, noticing patterns, connections to squared numbers etc. |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Week 11- } \\ 13 \end{gathered}$ | Number | Fractions | Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths. Read and write decimal numbers as fractions, for example $0.71=71 / 100$. Count forward and |


|  |  |  | back in differing fraction intervals. Extend to skip counting. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Fractions | Compare and order fractions whose denominators are multiples of the same number. Use < > = . Extend to ordering fractions where mixed numbers are present i.e. sequences greater than 1. Create generalisations and make connections with the pattern and sequencing of certain fraction number lines. |
|  | Number | Fractions | Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number. Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements $>1$ as a mixed number [for example $2 / 5+4 / 5=6 / 5=1$ and $1 / 5$. |
| Week 14 |  | Consolidation of previous learning/ gaps ascertained from recent assessment |  |


| Year Group: | 5 | Class Teacher (s): | MR,SA,AW,KM | Term: Spring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit. Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1000000 . Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero. |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Round any number up to 1000000 to the nearest 10,100 , 1000,10000 and 100000 . Apply PV and rounding to a variety of familiar and unfamiliar contexts in the form of problem solving and reasoning. |
| Week 3-4 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 5 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, the levels of accuracy. |
|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. Find missing numbers/mistakes within formal written calculations. |
| Week 5-7 | Number | Multiplication and Division |  | Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts. Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for 2-digit numbers |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division |  | Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context - r1,1/8,?. 125 . |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division |  | Explore problems involving multiplication and division, apply methods practised. Reason when and why |


|  |  |  | remainders are not appropriate to use (in objects that cannot be divided) Reason solutions to a range of situations. Ensure skills for checking accuracy are correctly used and applied to strengthen competency. Extend to multi-step problems involving more than one operation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Fractions, Decimals and Percentages | Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places. Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents. Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place. Solve problems up to 3.d.p. Extend by converting improper fractions into decimals understanding that this will correspond to a decimal greater than 1. |
| Week 8- $10$ | Number | Fractions, Decimals and Percentages | Recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal. Make links between fraction, decimal and percentage equivalents - how can these be grouped/classified? |
|  | Number | Fractions, Decimals and Percentages | Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $1 / 2,1 / 4,1 / 5,2 / 5,4 / 5$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 . Extend to finding 1,10 and $50 \%$ of a given quantity. If I know how to find $10 \%$, how can I use that to find what 20\% would be? |
|  | Statistics | Interpreting data- line graphs | Solve comparison, sum, difference and range problems using information presented in a line graph (continuous data). Create own line graphs focusing on scaling and accuracy around plotting. |
| $12$ | Statistics | Interpreting time tables | Recap key rules around time; 24-hour/12-hour clock ( $\mathrm{am} / \mathrm{pm}$ ) mins in an hour etc. Complete, read and interpret information in tables including timetables. Apply addition / subtraction skills to understanding train/bus time tables and problems in context. |


| Year Group: | 5 | Class Teacher (s): | MR,SA,AW,KM | Term: Summer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value - powers of 10 |  | Review PV up to 1000000 . Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000. |
|  | Number | Decimals - all four operations |  | Use all four operations to solve decimal number problems within the contexts of measure: money, volume, length, mass, capacity and time. |
| Week 3-4 | Geometry | Properties of shape |  | Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations. Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides, angles and other known properties. Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. Reinforce vocabulary associated with different lines - perpendicular, parallel, adjacent etc |
|  | Geometry | Properties of shape - Angles |  | Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles and draw upon known facts to distinguish. Draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (o) using protractors accurately. Identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 3600 ), angles at a point on a straight line and $1 / 2$ a turn (total 1800) other multiples of 900. Calculate missing angles from given information on diagrams/polygons. |
| Week 5 | Number | Fractions |  | Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, convert mixed numbers into improper fractions and vice versa. Explain concept and enable understanding by using concrete materials and diagrams/models. Apply to different contexts inc. measure (mass, capacity). |
| Week 6 | Measurement | Converting units |  | Convert between different units of metric measure, for example, km and $\mathrm{m} ; \mathrm{cm}$ and $\mathrm{m} ; \mathrm{cm}$ and $\mathrm{mm} ; \mathrm{g}$ and $\mathrm{kg} ; \mathrm{I}$ and ml . Use decimals to show equivalencies for e.g. 10 cm $=0.1 \mathrm{~m}$. To understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints. |
| Week 7-8 | Measurement | Volume |  | Estimate volume for example using 1 cm 3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes) and capacity for example, using water. Introduce the $3^{\text {rd }}$ dimension of height (volume). |


|  |  |  | Refer to cubed numbers and begin to solve equations involving cubed numbers. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Measurement | Volume | Use all four operations to solve problems involving cubed numbers in a variety of contexts. Explore Problem solving and reasoning skills to investigate problems involving volume and capacity. |
| Week 9-$10$ | Geometry | Position and Direction | Recap the key features of working in all 4 quadrants. Label axis and revisit co-ordinates and rules around coordinates. Model heavily and allow chn to Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language and tools, furthermore to know that the shape has not changed. Focus on accuracy and model carefully how to reflect a shape using mirror lines at various angles (vertical, horizontal, diagonal) |
|  | Geometry | Position and Direction | Solve problems and practise reflecting and translating with and without co-ordinates as a given. Focus on direction and instructions for accurate translation where co-ordinates are not applied. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week 11- } \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ |  | Consolidation of concepts taught/ gaps addressed from assessment in readiness for Year 6 |  |
|  |  | Consolidation of concepts taught/ gaps addressed from assessment in readiness for Year 6 |  |

## Bush Hill Park Primary School

Long Term Plan - Termly Overview Maths 2021-2022
Autumn term: Ratio and proportion to be taught/consolidated during maths meetings and during soft-start. Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts. Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found. Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.

| Year Group: | 6 | Class Teacher (s): | KO, AB, TC | Term: Autumn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives: |
| Weeks 1-4 | Number | Place Value |  | Read and Reason the location and justify the value of any digit within numbers up to and including 6-digits. Extend to 7-digit numbers. Order numbers up to 7-digits |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Read, write, compare numbers up to $1,000,000$ and determine the value of each digit. Extend to 10,000,000, 1000 more/less, 100,000 more/ less than a given number. |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Divide powers of 10 , from 1 hundredth to 10 million. Know that 10 tenths are equivalent to 1 one, and that 1 is 10 times the size of 0.1 . Know that 100 hundredths are equivalent to 1 one, and that 1 is 100 times the size of 0.01 . Know that 10 hundredths are equivalent to 1 tenth, and that 0.1 is 10 times the size of 0.01 . (ready to progress - Y5 NPV) |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Round any whole and decimal number (3.d.p) to a required degree of accuracy. Focus on rounding to a variety of different powers of 10 within a range of different numbers up to $10,000,000$ |
| Week 5-6 | Number | Number facts \& Addition and Subtraction |  | Secure understanding of counting forwards and backwards from any given number up to 7-digits (vary intervals). Perform mental calculations, using known facts and prior knowledge. If I know...then I know...Introduce BODMAS and the order to calculate equations with a variety of operations. |


|  | Number | Addition and Subtraction | Formal written methods for Addition and Subtraction. Use practical problems in context as stimulus for selecting the appropriate methods, acknowledging efficiency and accuracy. Estimate and check calculations using inverse. Extend to multi-step problems in a variety of contexts. Provide model/frames for different representations of sum/calculation and proof. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week 7-10 | Number | Multiplication and Division | Multiplication facts up to $12 \times 12$. Consolidate understanding of all the times tables and relevant number facts associated if I know $9 \times 12$, then I know $90 \times 12$. Deepen understanding of square and cubed and prime numbers. |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Multiply multi-digit number up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number using the formal written method of long multiplication. Ensure correct terminology of multiplying by 10 , not add a zero. Similarly, use correct place value term when dealing with digits in the tens/hundreds/thousands column. |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit whole number using the formal written method of LONG division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding as appropriate for the context. Build on knowledge from Y5. |
|  | Number | Multiplication and Division | Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit whole number using the formal written method of SHORT division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding as appropriate for the context |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Week 11- } \\ 14 \end{gathered}$ | Number | Fractions, Decimals and Percentages | Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts. |
|  | Number | Fractions, Decimals and Percentages | Compare and order fractions, including fractions greater than 1 (mixed numbers/improper fractions) Generate and describe linear number sequences (with fractions) |
|  | Number | Fractions, Decimals and Percentages | Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination. Focus on factor pairs to support with simplification of fractions |
|  | Number | Fractions, Decimals and Percentages | Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents for example; 0.375 is $3 / 8$. Associate |



Bush Hill Park Primary School
Long Term Topic Plan - Termly Overview

Spring Term: Knowledge and application of Roman numerals to be consolidated during pm maths meetings and or during soft-start time.

Spring Term: Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius. Interpret and construct pie charts and use these to solve problems - all taught during Spring term during maths meetings and soft-start.

| Year Group: | 6 | Class Teacher (s): | KO,AB, TC | Term: Spring |
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| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of | ocus: | Key objectives |
| Week 1-2 | Number | Place Value |  | Revisit reasoning the location of each digit within a 7-digit number. Solve number and practical problems that involve place value up to 7-digits inc. decimal numbers. Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to 3 decimal places. |
|  | Number | Place Value |  | Revisit understanding the relationship between powers of 10 from 1 hundredth to 10 million, and use this to make a given number $10,100,1,000,1$ tenth, 1 hundredth or 1 thousandth times the size (multiply and divide by 10, 100 and 1,000). Ready to progress Yr6-PNV Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero. Reference temperature and use practical problems relating to negative numbers in real-life. Extend to investigate range |
| Week 3 | Number | Addition and Subtraction |  | Solve addition and subtraction multi step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. Solve addition and subtraction problems involving decimals up to 3.d.p |
| Week 4 | Number | Multiplication |  | Revisit formal written methods for multiplication. Multiply one-digit numbers with up to 2 decimal places by whole numbers. Apply to context of money |



| Year Group: | 6 | Class Teacher (s): | KO,AB,TC | Term: Summer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Week Commencing: | Main Topic Area for Maths: | Programme of study focus: |  | Key objectives |
| Week 1 | Number | Fractions |  | Divide proper fractions by whole numbers for example $1 / 3 \div 2=1 / 6$. Extend to divide fractions by whole numbers. Consolidate knowledge and application of multiplying/ dividing fractions to different contexts/ practical problems. |
| Week 2 | Number | Algebra |  | Use simple formulae Generate and describe linear number sequences. Express missing number problems algebraically. Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables. Make reference to examples of formula already used/aware of. |
| Week 3 |  | SATS WEEK |  |  |
| Week 4 | Statistics | Graphs |  | Draw and interpret line graphs (continuous data) Explore ranges and graphs that go through 0 into negative numbers (temperatures). Reference Celsius |
| Week 5 |  | Problem solving \& investigating |  |  |
| Week 6 | Statistics | Averages |  | Calculate the mean as an average. Extend to Explore other averages (mode, median) Apply to data retrieved from class investigation |
| Week 7-8 |  | Problem solving \& investigating |  |  |
|  |  | Problem solving \& investigating |  |  |
| Week 911 |  | Project based maths - enterprise |  |  |
|  |  | Project based maths- enterprise |  |  |
|  |  | Project based maths- enterprise |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $1 / 2=1 / 8$. Extend to multiply mixed numbers with whole numbers |

